

INTRODUCTION TO THE LETTERS OF JOHN

This first letter of John, inseparable from his Gospel, reminds us that the Christian way is nothing less than a divinization: our own.

From all time the Christian ideal has seemed too pale or too narrow for many people. Without directly criticizing the values of Christianity and its benefits to humanity, they saw it as limiting people. We think of all those, like Marx, who affirmed that a real human liberation involves a struggle against faith. We think of those who today rely on science to widen the possibilities of life. We again think of all those who, shunning western activism, seek in oriental wisdom a way to the Absolute which they have failed to see in Christian faith.

Even for Christians, the sentimental religion springing from enthusiasm for Jesus, the good Master teaching universal love, often hides an ignorance of the ambitions of faith. For in Jesus it is God himself we want to reach, we are seekers of truth and we want to merge into this truth from which we have come.

John affirms in this first letter: If you have the Son of God you have total truth, you are on the way to authentic love and you are in communion with God himself.

However, perhaps, we are deceiving ourselves when we pretend to be in Christ. This is why John specifies the criteria, the conditions enabling us to verify if we are truly walking in the light and living in Love:

- In Christ we recognize God himself; yet we must always remember to interiorize his actions, his mission, his way of being human.
- We believe we have been reborn from God: that does not mean that we are above his commandments, nor that we should neglect daily efforts to be worthy of him.
- Faith has renewed our knowledge of God. What matters most is to understand his love and, for that, there is no better teaching than that of the cross.

2:13 Jn 1:1 **1** • ¹This is what has been from the beginning, and what we have heard and have seen with our own eyes, what we have looked at and touched with our hands, I mean the *Word* who is Life...

Jn 1:4 ²The *Life* made *itself* known, we have seen Eternal Life and we bear witness, and we are telling you of it. It was with the Father and made himself known to us.

Jn 17:20 1Cor 1:9 ³So we tell you what we have seen and heard, that you may be in fellowship with us, and us, with the Father and with his Son, Jesus Christ.

⁴And we write this that our joy may be complete.

Walk in the light

• ⁵We heard his message from him and announce it to you: God is light and there is no darkness in him.

Jn 8:12 3:11 Heb 9:14 Rev 1:5 ⁶If we say we are in fellowship with him, while we walk in darkness, we lie instead of being in truth. ⁷But if we walk in the light, as he is in the light, we are in fellowship with one another, and the blood of Jesus, the Son of God, purifies us from all sin.

• **1.1** *The Word*: see John 1:1. John will not speak about miracles, or revelations, or secrets jealously kept by some initiates. The truth that he relates to us is both simpler and more divine than all this: God, the Eternal Life, has come to live with us.

Life became visible. Do not look for miracles or miraculous powers. Do not expect fantastic revelations about the beyond. Life was revealed as the gift of the Father, the rebirth of a humanity without hope, the divine smile, the unexpected visit of the one seeking to share his life with humans (Pro 8:31). We will not find life in mere books, but through communion with those who have seen and experienced it before us, and who became his Church.

• **5.** *But if we walk in the light*: this is the Christian life.

Over and beyond other truths which people discover, there is a light (an evidence or a presence) which is total Truth and which cannot be divided: one is or is not in the light. It does not give knowledge directly, but affects the whole person who acts, *lives*, and *walks* in the Light. Those walking in faith discover this light and find themselves freed from many obstacles:

⁸If we say, "We have no sin," we deceive ourselves and the truth is not in us. ⁹If we confess our sins, he who is faithful and just will forgive us our sins and cleanse us from all wickedness.

¹⁰If we say that we do not sin, we make God a liar, his word is not in us.

Fulfill the commandment of love

2 • ¹My little children, I write to you that you may not sin. But if anyone sins, we have an intercessor with the Father, Jesus Christ, the Just One. ²He is the sacrificial victim for our sins and the sins of the whole world.

³How can we know that we know him? If we fulfill his commands.

⁴If you say, "I know him," but do not fulfill his commands, you are a liar and the truth is not in you. ⁵But if you keep his word, God's love is made complete in you. This is how we know that we are in him:

⁶he who claims to live in him must live as he lived.

⁷My dear friends, I am not writing you a new commandment, but reminding you of an old one, one you had from

– the partial vision of one who is enthusiastic for a cause but ignores other issues that are equally important, of one who orders one part of his life but leaves in disorder other parts;

– the restlessness of one who does not have a goal and who silences his doubts by throwing himself into frantic activity;

– the sectarianism that prevents us from being "universal brothers and sisters."

Little by little faith opens for us a global vision of human reality. The first criterion to know if we are walking in the light: have we given up sin? John here denies what certain people say: "Since we are Christians, we are united to God and so the sins of the body are not important."

John declares that if we decide for God, we cannot continue to surrender to sin. Obviously, no one is without sin; we all need the salvation of Christ; but forgiveness itself compels us even more to stay away from sin.

John invites us to *confess our sins* to God, that is to say, to admit humbly before God that we have sinned, but with confidence in his kindness. If this attitude were not present, the sacrament of "confession" would be worthless. On the other hand, confessing our sins in the sacrament of penance helps us keep our hearts open to God.

1K
8:46
Job
9:2
Pro
20:9

Rom
8:34
Heb
7:25

Col
1:20

Jn
14:21

the beginning. This old commandment is the word you have heard.

^{Jn 13:34} ^{15:12} ^{Rom 13:12} ⁸But, in a way, I give it as a new commandment that is true in him and in you, because the darkness is passing away and the true light already shines.

^{Pro 4:18} ⁹If you claim to be in the light but hate your brother, you are still in darkness.

^{Jn 12:35} ¹⁰If you love your brothers and sisters, you remain in the light and nothing in you will make you fall. ¹¹But if you hate your brother you are in the dark and walk in darkness without knowing where you go, for the darkness has blinded you.

¹²My dear children, I write this to you: you have already received the forgiveness of your sins through the Name of Jesus. ¹³Fathers, I write this to you: you know him who is from the beginning. Young men, I write this to you: you have overcome the Evil One. My dear children, I write to you because you already know the Father.

¹⁴Fathers, I write to you because you know him who is from the beginning. Young men, I write to you because you

are strong and the Word of God lives in you who have indeed overcome the Evil One.

• ¹⁵Do not love the world or what is in it. If anyone loves the world, the love of the Father is not in him. ^{Jn 17:14} ^{Rom 12:2} ^{Jas 4:4}

¹⁶For everything in the world – the craving of the flesh, the greed of eyes and people boasting of their superiority – all this belongs to the world, not to the Father.

¹⁷The world passes away with all its craving but those who do the will of God remain for ever. ^{1Cor 7:31}

Reject the antichrist

• ¹⁸My dear children, it is the last hour. You were told that an antichrist would come; but several antichrists have already come, by which we know that it is now the last hour. ^{2Thes 2:4} ^{1Tim 4:1}

¹⁹They went out from us though they did not really belong to us. Had they belonged to us, they would have remained with us. So it became clear that not all of us were really ours. ^{Acts 20:30} ^{1Cor 11:19}

²⁰But you have the anointing from

• **2.1** Second criterion for love of God: to obey the commandments that are summarized in love. Do we perhaps pretend to know God and to believe? If so, it must be measured by the love we have for others.

An *old commandment*, because it is the first one we learned in the Church; a *new commandment*, because the world must constantly, and in new ways, discover the power of love.

• 15. Third criterion: not to love the world. Note how John begins by rejoicing with his readers because they know the Father. It is not a matter of hating the world that Christ came to save (see commentary on Jn 3:17). Yet the life and history of people manifest a deep alienation: this is the power of the evil spirit. John calls “the world” all the evil current prevailing in it. According to John *the world* is the deceitful life which people live when they cease to seek the Father’s will, and when they oppose Christ. Two contrary forces coexist in this world of ours and also in people: what comes from the Father and is forever; and what is planned and desired by humans when they forget their condition and dignity as children of God: greed and pride that lead them to death.

There is something more to say about this *not loving the world*. Even though all that comes from God is good: the sunlight, love, what emerges from human intelligence and hands, yet the whole creation is worth nothing if we compare it with God.

As long as we look upon the world as the great gift that God gave us and we feel accountable to him for its progress and development, the world is good for us. As soon as we consider the world as our thing, use it or neglect it according to our fancy, or if we think we can change it alone and by force, it becomes our worst enemy, an idol that enslaves us and is the source of rivalries. Christians commit themselves to the world (first case) but not with the world (second case). They keep their freedom as children of God or they are no longer sons and daughters because of their love for the world.

• 18. Fourth criterion: to be sure we are walking in the Light, we must reject the antichrist and remain steadfast in the faith and in what faith teaches. The believers of John’s days knew that before the glorious return of Christ, an antichrist would appear. John says: the person who denies that Jesus is the Christ already is an antichrist.

Jn 14:26
2Cor 1:21
the Holy One, so that all of you have true wisdom.

²¹I write to you, not because you lack knowledge of the truth, but because you already know it, and lies have nothing in common with the truth.

Jn 8:44
²²Who is the liar?

The one who denies that Jesus is the Christ.

Mt 10:33
Jn 5:23
This is an antichrist, who denies both the Father and the Son. ²³The one who denies the Son is without the Father, and those who acknowledge the Son also have the Father.

Jn 15:7
Jn 17:2
²⁴Let what you heard from the beginning remain in you. If what you heard from the beginning remains in you, you, too, will remain in the Son and in the Father. ²⁵And this is the promise he himself gave us: eternal life.

²⁶I write this to you thinking of those who try to lead you astray.

²⁷You received from him an anointing, and it remains in you, so you do not need someone to teach you. His anointing teaches you all things, it

Jn 16:13
speaks the truth and does not lie to you; so remain in him, and keep what he has taught you.

²⁸And now, my children, live in him, so that when he appears in his glory, we may be confident and not ashamed before him when he comes.

²⁹You know that he is the Just One: know then that anyone living justly is born of God.

3 ¹See what singular love the Father has for us: we are called children of God, and we really are. This is why the world does not know us, because it did not know him.

²Beloved, we are God's children and what we shall be has not yet been shown. Yet when he appears in his glory, we know that we shall be like him, for then we shall see him as he is. ³All who have such a hope try to be pure as he is pure.

⁴Anyone who commits a sin acts as an enemy of the law of God; any sin acts wickedly, because all sin is wick-

Today there are still many people who make a distinction: on one hand the man Jesus, lost in the mist of legend and on the other hand an idealized Christ adored by believers. John says: "The one who has come in history, he himself is eternal God."

You received from him an anointing, and it remains in you. John not only speaks of the anointing of oil in baptism and confirmation. "Christ" signifies precisely, "he who is anointed," and this anointing was the presence in him of the Spirit of God, his Father. John adds: "You cannot receive passively just any instruction in the Church, but you must discern whether the word of God is being faithfully transmitted."

His anointing (Spirit) teaches you all things. In writing that, John had in mind the prophets who were the animators of the churches: through their inspired words the Spirit taught the community (see Acts 14:2 and 1 Thes 5:19). Today the Spirit also maintains us in the truth through the leaders of the community and those who teach but we are not dispensed from seeking by ourselves the meaning of the Word and discerning what others tell us.

• **3.1** Here begins the second part of the letter: we are God's children and we must live as such. How do we prove that we are God's children? According to the same criteria that we

have already seen: breaking away from sin, keeping the commandment of love, proclaiming our faith. There are many ways of saying we are God's children. One person might simply think: "God loves people" means that human beings have great dignity. Here John calls our attention to two points:

– you are sons and daughters, but in order to become like God, do not seek anything else but to be perfect as God is perfect;

– you are children who will return to the Father. Do you really think about the unique and transcendent end for which God has chosen you? Being aware of this, let us understand that God purifies us in a thousand ways, because only in this way can we attain our goal.

We shall be like him: sharing all that God is and somehow becoming God with God (see 1 Cor 13:13). Those who now bear their lives of suffering with Christ will be transfigured like him (Mk 9; Col 3:4). Then the universe will reach its goal, having the children of God as its center (Rom 8:19) or better, the New Creature.

Those born of God do not sin (v. 9). This appears exaggerated, but being children of God is not a fantasy: we have really begun a life in truth and in love. To the person who has been reborn, it becomes impossible to commit real sin: to deliberately refuse to love, or to forgive or to continue to struggle. But we pray to the Father: "Lead us not..."

Jn 1:29
1P 2:22
edness. ⁵You know that he came to take away our sins, and that there is no sin in him. ⁶Whoever remains in him has no sin, whoever sins has not seen or known him.

•⁷My little children, do not be led astray; those who do what is right are upright, just as Jesus Christ is upright.

Jn 8:44
Mk 1:24
But those who sin belong to the devil, for the devil sins from the beginning.

Jn 12:31
This is why the Son of God was shown to us, he was to undo the works of the devil.

⁹Those born of God do not sin, for the seed of God remains in them; they cannot sin because they are born of God.

¹⁰What is the way to recognize the children of God and those of the devil? The one who does not do what is right is not of God; so, too, the one who does not love his brother or sister.

Jn 13:34
For this is the message taught to you from the beginning: we must love one another. ¹²Do not imitate Cain who killed his brother, for he belonged to the Evil One. Why did he kill him? Because he himself did evil and his brother did good.

Heb 11:4
Jn 15:18
Jn 5:24
¹³So, be not surprised, brothers if the world hates us; ¹⁴we love our brothers and sisters, and with this we know that we have passed from death to life. The one who does not love remains in death.

Mt 5:21
Jn 8:44
¹⁵The one who hates his brother is a murderer, and, as you know, eternal life does not remain in the murderer.

Jn 15:13
¹⁶This is how we have known what love is: he gave his life for us. We, too, ought to give our life for our brothers and sisters.

Dt 15:7
Jas 2:15
¹⁷If anyone enjoys the riches of this world, but closes his heart when he sees his brother or sister in need, how will the love of God remain in him?

¹⁸My dear children, let us love not only with words and with our lips, but in truth and in deed.

¹⁹Then we shall know that we are of the truth and we may calm our conscience in his presence. ²⁰Every time it reproaches us, let us say: God is greater than our conscience, and he knows everything.

²¹When our conscience does not condemn us, dear friends, we may have complete confidence in God. ²²Then whatever we ask we shall receive, since we keep his commands and do what pleases him.

Jn 6:29
13:34
1P 1:22
²³His command is that we believe in the Name of his Son Jesus Christ and that we love one another, as he has commanded us.

Jn 14:23
Rom 8:9
²⁴Whoever keeps his commands remains in God and God in him. It is by the Spirit God has given us that we know he lives in us.

• 7. Keeping the commandment of love is what distinguishes God's children.

Most people are accustomed to thinking that the world is divided into two opposed factions. Some see an exploiter or exploited in every person. Others see only liberals and conservatives. Others see black and white. John tells us what is the dividing line between people: those who love and those who do not love. Because believers are in the camp of those who love, they will be persecuted. Their companions and compatriots will not forgive believers for not sharing their own hatred and sectarianism.

He who hates his brother is a murderer. All murders and massacres spring from hatred and grudges. When war suddenly devastates a country, it is due to the fact that many people were resentful toward others, and others, in even

greater numbers, refused to make sacrifices to settle their difficulties and tensions.

The practice of love never weakens us as can happen with other forms of sacrifice done without love. Rather, it transforms us into God's likeness and we are no longer fearful or distrustful of him.

Every time it (conscience) reproaches us. Doubtless John wishes to say that God knows and judges us better than we can ourselves. He does it with a love that is lacking in us. We should beware of the guilt feelings for faults which we have regretted and doubtless repaired: this form of anguish encloses us within ourselves instead of turning to God who knows what to do with ruined lives and make them new again.

To believe in the Name (3:23), that is to say, in the divinity of Christ.

Do not trust every inspiration

4 • ¹My beloved, do not trust every inspiration. Test the spirits to see whether they come from God, because many false prophets are now in the world.

²How will you recognize the spirit of God? Any spirit recognizing Jesus as the Christ who has taken our flesh is of God. ³But any spirit that does not recognize Jesus is not from God, it is the spirit of the antichrist. You have heard of his coming and even now he is in the world.

⁴You, my dear children, are of God and you have already overcome these people, because the one who is in you is more powerful than he who is in the world.

⁵They are of the world and the world inspires them and those of the world listen to them.

⁶We are of God and those who know God listen to us, but those who are not of God ignore us. This is how we know the spirit of truth and the spirit of error as well.

God-Love is the source of love

• ⁷My dear friends, let us love one another for love comes from God. Everyone who loves is born of God and knows God.

⁸Those who do not love have not known God, for God is love.

⁹How did the love of God appear among us? God sent his only Son into this world that we might have life through him.

¹⁰This is love: not that we loved God but that he first loved us and sent his Son as an atoning sacrifice for our sins.

¹¹Dear friends, if such has been the love of God, we, too, must love one another.

¹²No one has ever seen God, but if we love one another, God lives in us, and his love comes to its perfection in us.

¹³How may we know that we live in God and he in us? Because God has given us his Spirit.

¹⁴We ourselves have seen and declare that the Father sent his Son to save the world. ¹⁵Those who confess that Jesus is the Son of God, God remains in them and they in God.

¹⁶We have known the love of God and have believed in it. God is love. The one who lives in love, lives in God and God in him.

¹⁷When do we know that we have reached a perfect love? When in this world, we are like him in everything, and expect with confidence the Day of Judgment.

¹⁸There is no fear in love. Perfect

• **4.1** John underlined the role of the Holy Spirit to guide us in the truth, but now he is dealing with the case of the prophets who do not speak according to the faith received from the apostles through the Church.

There have always been conflicts between those in authority and those who speak freely. It should be clear that no inspired person would ever be able to speak against the traditional faith of the Church. What if it deals with ways of being or doing in the Church? Must we always support the people in charge in all circumstances? That would be to forget that the Gospel forms free people. We must never blindly follow the opinion of the pope, or the bishop, or the majority. It is our responsibility to think for ourselves and to evaluate according to the criteria of the Gospel.

Can we then favor those who seem to be guided by the Spirit? If the Holy Spirit really inspires them, however much they may criticize what must be criticized, they will never attempt

to divide the Church. The community may expel them, but they will not become responsible for the break. Even when the local community rejects them, they will never be willing to separate themselves from the universal communion of the Church, which, with time, always recognizes true prophets.

• **7.** Here we have the beginning of the third part of the letter: *God-Love is the source of love and faith.*

God is love (vv. 8 and 16). The supreme revelation, characteristic of the Christian faith. Other religions know of a God who is good and compassionate: no other religion has known that the dynamism of love moves the entire creation and that its source lies in God-Love.

In this beautiful text John insists on the inseparability of love of God and love of our neighbor. We all know this, but sometimes we might wonder why it is so. John gives us the paramount reason; *love comes from God* (v. 7). If we can

Dt 13:2
Mt 7:15
1Thes 5:20
2P 2:1

1Cor 12:3
Rom 10:9

Acts 20:29
2Thes 2:7

Mt 12:29

Jn 15:19
17:14

Jn 18:37

Jn 3:16

2Cor 5:19

Mt 18:33

Ex 33:20
Jn 1:18
1Tim 6:16

Jn 3:17

Rom 5:8

Rom 8:15

love drives away fear, for fear has to do with punishment; those who fear do not know perfect love.

¹⁹ So let us love one another, since he loved us first.

²⁰ If you say, "I love God," while you hate your brother or sister, you are a liar. How can you love God whom you do not see, if you do not love your brother whom you see? ²¹ We received from him this commandment: let those who love God also love their brothers.

Faith comes from God

5 ¹ All those who believe that Jesus is the Anointed, are born of God; whoever loves the Father, loves the Son. ² How may we know that we love the children of God? If we love God and fulfill his commands,

³ for God's love requires us to keep his commands. In fact, his commandments are not a burden

⁴ because all those born of God overcome the world. And the victory which

Mt
11:29
Rev
12:11

overcomes the world is our faith. ⁵ Who has overcome the world? The one who believes that Jesus is the Son of God.

⁶ Jesus Christ was acknowledged through water, but also through blood.

Not only water but water and blood.

And the Spirit, too, witnesses to him for the Spirit is truth.

⁷ There are then three testimonies:

⁸ the Spirit, the water and the blood, and these three witnesses agree.

⁹ If we accept human testimony, with greater reason must we accept that of God, given in favor of his Son. ¹⁰ If you believe in the Son of God, you have God's testimony in you.

But those who do not believe make God a liar, since they do not believe his words when he witnesses to his Son.

¹¹ What has God said? That he has granted us eternal life and this life is in his Son. ¹² The one who has the Son has life, the one who do not have the Son of God do not have life.

1Cor
15:57

Jn
19:34

Jn
3:33
5:34

Jn
17:3

love God, it is because *God loved us first* (v. 10); if we love each other it is because God's love extends among us (v. 12).

John also links love of God and faith in God: a true Christian believer is somebody who begins by "believing in God's love, and that God is love" (4:16).

He loved us first (v. 10): through his eternal predestination (Eph 1:4), the sending of his Son and through his sacrifice (Rom 5:8). If we are authentically loving, we never feel superior nor that we have merits, as do those who boast of their good works. We simply realize that the love of God works through us.

The lives of those who dedicate themselves lovingly to serving the abandoned, the sick, the elderly, and those no longer useful to society are justified and so are the lives of those who withdraw from ordinary life to dedicate themselves more totally to a more intimate love of God.

• **5.1** God-Love is the one who asks us to believe in his Son, and faith is a victory. John wrote the book of Revelation to give hope to persecuted believers, showing them the victory they share with Christ simply because they believe in him. John repeats the same thing here in a different way.

Our greatest victory is to attain our inheritance as children of God and to reach the eternal life of God himself. Those who believe in Christ have already come to the Truth, to God.

How may we know that we love the children of God? John already told us: the person who loves God also loves his brothers and sisters. Here, however, John expresses it the other way around: those who love their brothers and sisters are known by the fact that they love God.

Many things are called love; there may be something of love in all of them, more or less. The love of God for us and the love that he gives us toward other people cannot be confused with other loves. The love springing from an authentic communion with God does not resemble sentimental love, blind and fickle. Rather, it is effective, both in the sense that it liberates others and it transforms us in Christ.

Verses 6-9 point out three complementary aspects of the Christian experience, which are first seen in Jesus himself. John characterizes them with three words:

– *water*: water is the symbol of cleanliness and of new life.

– *blood*: the blood of the sacrifice, the painful atonement for sin, the blood of martyrs.

– *Spirit*: the uncontainable power that animates Christ's witnesses; the amazing creativity of the people and institutions that are rooted in faith.

These three witness to Jesus Christ and they also characterize Christian salvation. We can easily see that they correspond to the three sacraments of baptism, eucharist and confirmation.

Keep yourselves from idols

^{Jn 20:31} • ¹³I write you, then, all these things that you may know that you have eternal life, all you who believe in the Name of the Son of God.

^{Jas 1:5} ¹⁴Through him we are fully confident that whatever we ask, according to his will, he will grant us. ¹⁵If we know that he hears us whenever we ask, we know that we already have what we asked of him.

^{Mt 18:15} ^{Heb 6:4} ^{10:26} ¹⁶If you see your brother committing sin, a sin which does not lead to death, pray for him, and God will give life to your brother. I speak, of course, of the sin which does not lead to death. There is also a sin that leads to death; I do not

speak of praying about this. ¹⁷Every kind of wrongdoing is sin, but not all sin leads to death.

¹⁸We know that those born of God do not sin, but the one who was born of God protects them and the evil one does not touch them. ^{Jn 17:15}

• ¹⁹We know that we belong to God, while the whole world lies in evil. ^{Col 1:13}

²⁰We know that the Son of God has come and has given us power to know the truth. We are in him who is true, his Son Jesus Christ. He is the true God and eternal life. ^{Jn 20:20} ^{Rom 9:5} ^{Tit 2:13}

²¹My dear children, keep yourselves from idols.

• 13. In this conclusion, John repeats what he said throughout the letter: you who believe, appreciate what you have. Do not underestimate the step you took in accepting Christ. Explore and look for the riches which are meant for you and which are found in “Him who loves us” (Rev 1:5).

I do not speak of praying about this (v. 16). This sentence is somehow short, John implies: “with the certainty that God will give life to the sinner.” The will of God remains a mystery, whatever be the confidence we have in him.

• 19. *The whole world lies in evil.* As has already been mentioned, this world belongs to God who made it good. Nevertheless, this world is not simply a building site wherein we work. It is first the place where the evil one competes with God. The evil one does not side with any group, atheist or materialist or whatever else, but everywhere transforms the best things into destroying idols – even among those looking for

a more perfect life: *keep yourselves from idols.* This warning of John at the end of this letter has special importance; it invites us to remain in the truth of the Word-of-God-made-man without allowing anything contrary to it, to enter. For the Church this is a permanent temptation – as well as for every Christian community – to make itself the center of everything, so that what matters is to recruit and to last. Then when institutions believe that unity is assured by increasing authority, political and financial support are sought and mission is replaced with buildings. There are a thousand ways of eluding what is provisional while the Spirit always feels more at ease with what is provisional. In so doing the Christian community, the whole Church becomes a thick wall between God and humans, all the more becoming an “idol” in wishing to be holy, obeyed and infallible in all its decisions. The Word became flesh, and the Church can only be the sacrament of God if she remains weak and vulnerable.



2 JOHN

Chosen lady: this is the way John greets the community of an unknown city. The Church is chosen and holy, just as the people in it are the chosen and holy ones of God.

John invites the people to have a steadfast and emphatic attitude toward those who do not accept the faith of the apostles. At the same time he reminds them of the fundamental law for Christians: love.

To remain zealously faithful to the Truth is to love Christ who entrusted this truth to us. We need the whole truth and not only what is most pleasing to people today.

¹I, the elder, to the chosen Lady and her children, whom I love sincerely – and with me all who know the truth –
²because of this same truth which is and will be in us forever.

³Grace, mercy and peace be with you in the name of God the Father and of his Son, Christ Jesus, in truth and love.

⁴I rejoiced greatly on meeting some of your children who live in accordance with the truth, according to the command we have received from the Father. ⁵And now, I ask you, Lady – I write to you not a new commandment but that which we had from the beginning – I ask you: *let us love one another.*

⁶This is love: to walk according to his commandments. And this is the commandment: that you walk in love as you have learned from the beginning.

⁷Many deceivers have gone out into the world, people who do not acknowledge that Jesus is the Christ who came in the flesh. They are impostors and antichrists. ⁸Take care of yourselves that you do not lose the fruit of your labors, but receive a perfect reward. ⁹Everyone who goes beyond and does not remain within the teaching of Christ does not have God. The one who remains in the teaching has both the Father and the Son. ¹⁰If anyone comes to you and does not bring this teaching, do not receive him into your houses or even greet him. ¹¹Even in greeting him you would become an accomplice in his wicked deeds.

¹²I have many things to write to you, but I prefer not to use paper and ink. I hope to meet you and speak to you personally, that our joy may be full.

¹³The children of your chosen sister greet you.



To the Christians who knew him, the apostle John was not “Saint John,” but a man. For a certain Diotrephes, to whom John gave the responsibility of a community that we do not know, John was a bothersome old man. In order to better dominate his church, Diotrephes was cutting off the relationship.

John, however, in his three letters, as in the Gospel, speaks of the “communion” which must exist among Christians. Any church or group must remain open to others, maintaining constant contact with them. Paul also insists on this responsibility: to welcome in their homes all Christians coming from other places in order to strengthen the bonds of the common faith.

¹I, the elder, to my dear friend Gaius, whom I love sincerely.

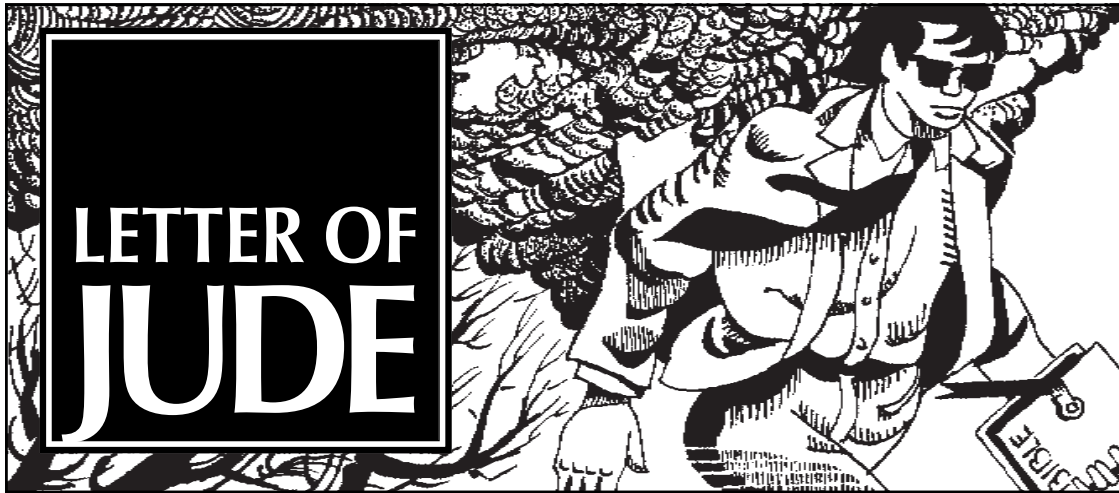
²Dear friend, may everything go well with you and may you enjoy health of body and soul. ³I greatly rejoiced with the friends who arrived and testified to your faithfulness to the truth, namely how you walk in the truth. ⁴Nothing gives me greater joy than to know that my children live in the truth.

⁵Beloved, you do well to care for the brothers and sisters as you do. I mean those coming from other places. ⁶They spoke of your charity before the assembled Church. It will be well to provide them with what they need to continue their journey, as if you did it for God. ⁷In reality, they have set out on the road for his name without accepting anything from the pagans. ⁸We should receive such persons, making ourselves their cooperators in the work of the truth.

⁹I have written these words to the Church. But Diotrephes, who is anxious to preside over it, does not acknowledge our authority. ¹⁰So when I come, I will not cease reproaching his manner of acting, since he discredited us with words of evil intent. And not content with that, he does not receive the friends and even restrains those who want to receive them, and expels them from the Church.

¹¹Dear friend, do not imitate evil, but only the good. Whoever does good is of God. Whoever does evil does not know God. ¹²Now about Demetrius: everyone praises him, even the truth itself. We, too, praise him, and you know that our testimony is true. ¹³I have many things to tell you, but I do not want to do it in writing. ¹⁴I hope to see you soon, and we will talk face to face.

¹⁵Peace be with you. Your friends greet you. Greet the friends for me, each one by name.



The Holy Spirit may have wanted to leave us the Letter of Jude so that we could appreciate the Gospels and other writings of the apostles better. We would have to be familiar with the literature of those days to know how complicated and incredible religious books were, both the books of the Jews and of the pagans. In comparison, the Gospels and Paul seem to belong to this century.

This letter which is attributed to the apostle Jude Thaddeus was written, in fact, about the end of the first century. It denounces the false teachers like those mentioned in the letters to Timothy and Titus.

Nevertheless, the comparisons and the examples which are used come from the Jewish books of the time. The Church had not yet defined which books were inspired by God and were part of the Bible. Besides the Old Testament, Christians used the religious literature of the Jews (for example, the Book of Enoch, the Testament of the Twelve Patriarchs, the Assumption of Moses). So there are many legends concerning ancient times which we find in this letter. In this literary form which seems rather antiquated to us, there is a strong call to preserve the integral faith of the apostles, which at the time was a serious concern of the Church. Therefore, a few years later, the author of 2nd Peter copied part of this letter.

Jas
1:1

¹ Jude, servant of Jesus Christ and brother of James, to those called to the faith, beloved by God the Father and kept in Christ Jesus.

² May mercy, peace and love abound in you. ³ Most beloved, I had wanted to write to you about the salvation we all share, but now I feel I must urge you to fight for the faith God has given once for all to the saints.

⁴ Some individuals have slipped into your midst, godless people who were long ago marked down for condemnation. They make use of the grace of our God as a license for immorality and deny our only Master and Lord Jesus Christ.

⁵ Although you may be aware of it, I wish to remind you that the Lord saved his people from the land of Egypt, but later delivered to death those who did not believe. ⁶ He did the same with the angels who did not keep their rank but abandoned their dwelling places. God enclosed them in eternal prisons, in the pit of darkness until the great day of Judgment. ⁷ Sodom and Gomorrah and the surrounding cities who prostituted themselves and were lured into unnatural unions are also a warning of the punishment of eternal fire. ⁸ In spite of all this, these people now do the same: in their ravings, they debase their bodies, scorn the celestial

Num
14:35

2P
2:10-
18

authorities, blaspheme against the angels.

^{Dn 10:13 Rev 12:17} ⁹When the archangel Michael fought against the devil and disputed about the body of Moses, he did not dare insult him, but simply said, "May the Lord rebuke you!" ¹⁰Not so these people, they insult and scorn what they cannot understand; what they know by instinct like animals, they use for their corruption. ¹¹Woe to them! They follow the footsteps of Cain and like Balaam go astray because of money: they will finally perish like the rebellious Korah. ¹²When you celebrate your love-meals, they spoil everything, coming only for the food and shamelessly seeing to their own needs. They are like clouds carried along by the wind which never bring rain, like trees without fruit at the end of autumn, twice dead when uprooted. ¹³The scum of their vices are splashed like foam on the rough waves of the sea, they are like shooting stars which the thick darkness engulfs for ever. ¹⁴The patriarch Enoch, the seventh after Adam, said these words about them: The Lord comes with thousands of angels ¹⁵to judge everyone and call the wicked to account for all the evil deeds they committed; he will punish all the injurious words the impious sinners uttered against him. ¹⁶All

^{Zec 14:5}

these are discontented who curse their lot and follow their passions. Their mouth is full of arrogant words, and they flatter people for their own interest.

¹⁷But, most beloved, remember what the apostles of Christ Jesus, our Lord, announced to you. ¹⁸They said to you, "At the end of time, there will be scoffers led by their desires which are those of godless people." ¹⁹Actually, these people are those who cause divisions, they are worldly people and do not have the Holy Spirit.

²⁰But, dearly beloved, build your life on the foundation of your most holy faith, praying in the Holy Spirit. ²¹Remain firm in the love of God, welcoming the mercy of Jesus Christ, our Lord, which leads to eternal life.

^{Eph 2:10}

²²Try to convince those who doubt; ²³others you will save, snatching them from condemnation. Treat the others with compassion but also with prudence, shunning even the clothes that touched their body.

²⁴To the one God who is able to keep you from all sin and bring you happy and without blemish before his own Glory, ²⁵to the one God who saves us through Jesus Christ, our Lord, to him be glory, honor, might and power, from past ages, now and forever. Amen.

^{2P 3:14}